
**CITY OF ROYAL OAK RETIREMENT SYSTEM
53RD ANNUAL ACTUARIAL VALUATION
JUNE 30, 2001**

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

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GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

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October 19, 2001

The Board of Trustees
City of Royal Oak Retirement System
Royal Oak, Michigan

Dear Board Members:

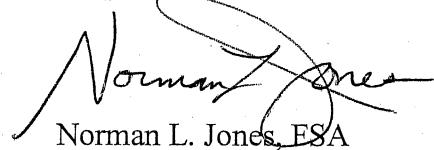
The results of the **53rd Annual Actuarial Valuation** of the City of Royal Oak Retirement System are presented in this report. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the system's funding progress and to determine the employer contribution rate for the ensuing fiscal year.

The valuation was based upon information, furnished by the City, concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, and individual active, terminated and retired members and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year-to-year consistency but was not otherwise audited by the actuary.

The date of the valuation was **June 30, 2001**.

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and was made in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board. We believe that in the aggregate, actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which are reasonable.

Respectfully submitted,


Norman L. Jones, ESA

NLJ:jmc:lr

SECTION A

Valuation Results

FUNDING OBJECTIVE

The funding objective of the Retirement System is to establish and receive contributions, expressed as percents of active member payroll, which will accumulate assets during members' periods of employment that will be sufficient to finance benefits throughout their retirement years.

CONTRIBUTION RATES

The Retirement System is supported by member contributions, City contributions and investment income from Retirement System assets.

Contributions which satisfy the funding objective are determined by the annual actuarial valuation and are sufficient to:

- Cover the actuarial present value of benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method described in Section C (the normal cost); and
- Finance over a reasonable period of future years the actuarial present value of benefits not covered by valuation assets and anticipated future normal costs (the unfunded actuarial accrued liability).

Computed contribution rates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2002 are shown on page A-2.

The City's established contribution rate of 0.00% is sufficient to finance the employer normal cost and to amortize the assets in excess of the actuarial accrued liability (\$40,997,192 as of June 30, 2001) as a level percent of payroll over a period of 17 years.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVIDE BENEFITS
FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2002

Total Contribution for	Computed Contributions Expressed as Percents of Active Member Payroll		
	General & Water	Police Officers & Fire Fighters	Weighted Average
Normal Cost			
Age and service benefits	13.39 %	15.45 %	14.38 %
Disability	1.78 %	3.16 %	2.44 %
Death	0.77 %	0.74 %	0.76 %
Deferred service pensions	1.08 %	0.67 %	0.88 %
Future refunds of member contributions	0.18 %	0.20 %	0.19 %
Totals	17.20 %	20.22 %	18.65 %
Member Contributions	2.49 %	3.49 %	2.97 %
Employer Normal Cost	14.71 %	16.73 %	15.68 %
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Full Funding Credit*			(15.68)%
COMPUTED EMPLOYER RATE			0.00 %

* As of June 30, 2001, the assets available to finance retirement allowances exceeded the actuarial accrued liability. Amortization of the excess over a 17 year period results in the full funding credit shown.

Determining Employer Dollar Contributions

For any period of time, the percent-of-payroll contribution rate should be converted to dollars -- and then contributed to the Retirement System.

Recommended Procedure: (1) at the end of each payroll period, multiply the active member payroll for the period by the employer contribution percent; and (2) promptly contribute the dollar amount so determined.

The total active member payroll reported to us for this valuation was \$18,962,345. Applying the weighted average employer contribution rate of 0.00% to this payroll produces annual employer contributions of \$0 for both the General and Water and the Police and Fire rate groups.

Actual employer contributions for the last fiscal year were reported to be \$0.

In financing the actuarial accrued liabilities, the present smoothed funding value of assets of \$166,329,096 was distributed as follows:

	Present Assets Applied to				
	Active & Inactive		Retirants & Beneficiaries	Health Insurance Reserve	Totals
	Member	Actuarial Accrued Liability			
Employees' Contributions					
General Members	\$3,599,025		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$3,599,025
Police & Fire Members	5,106,751		0	0	5,106,751
Totals	8,705,776		0	0	8,705,776
Employer Contributions					
General Members	41,271,469		(6,303,929)		
Police & Fire Members	46,870,102		4,413,879		
Totals	88,141,571		(1,890,050)	3,742,974	89,994,495
Retired Benefit Payments					
General Members		29,420,818			29,420,818
Police & Fire Members		38,208,007			38,208,007
Totals		67,628,825			67,628,825
Totals	\$96,847,347		\$65,738,775	\$3,742,974	\$166,329,096

Assets were applied against actuarial accrued liabilities in determining unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as follows:

	Retired Lives	Active & Inactive Members	Totals
Computed Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	\$65,738,775	\$55,850,155	\$121,588,930
Applied Assets	65,738,775	96,847,347	162,586,122
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities/ (Full Funding Credit)	\$ 0	\$(40,997,192)	\$(40,997,192)

DERIVATION OF EXPERIENCE GAIN (LOSS)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

Actual experience will never (except by coincidence) coincide exactly with assumed experience. Gains and losses often cancel each other over a period of years, but sizable year to year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of this year's experience gain (loss) is shown below.

		All Groups (\$1,000)
(1)	UAAL* at start of year	\$(46,053)
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation	2,647
(3)	Actual member and employer contributions	497
(4)	Interest Accrual	(3,486)
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes	(47,389)
(6)	Change from benefit modification	2,121
(7)	Change from assumption revision	0
(8)	Expected UAAL after changes	(45,268)
(9)	Actual UAAL	(40,997)
(10)	Gain (loss): (8) - (9)	(4,271)
(11)	% of beginning of year AAL	(3.8)%

* *Unfunded actuarial accrued liability.*

Investment income that was less than assumed was the primary source of unfavorable experience during the past year. Also contributing to the loss were retroactive benefit increases due to negotiated changes, data corrections and miscellaneous items. The 2000-2001 recognized return based on the funding value of assets was 6.95% compared to an assumed rate of 7.75%.

Valuation	Experience Gain (Loss)	
	As % of Beginning of Year	
	Accrued Liability	
Date		
5/31/1992	0.6 %	
6/30/1993	4.7 %	
6/30/1994	1.9 %	
6/30/1995	7.1 %	
6/30/1996	6.4 %	
6/30/1997	8.6 %	
6/30/1998	11.6 %	
6/30/1999	9.6 %	
6/30/2000	6.4 %	
6/30/2001	(3.8)%	

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF SYSTEM RESOURCES AND OBLIGATIONS
JUNE 30, 2001

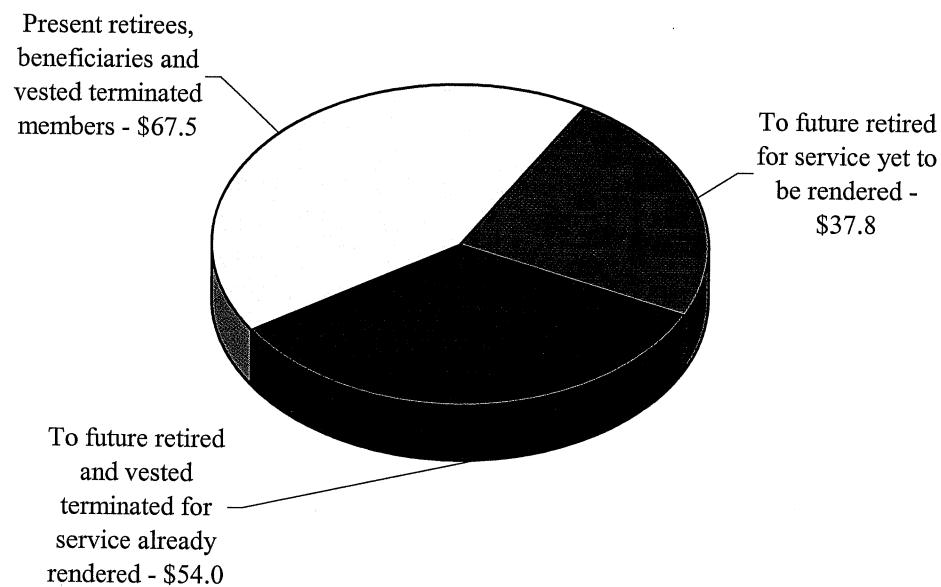
Present Resources and Expected Future Resources

A. Present valuation assets	
1. Net assets from system financial statement	\$150,776,160
2. Market value adjustment	11,809,962
3. Actual valuation assets	162,586,122
B. Actuarial present value of expected future employer contributions	
1. For normal costs	31,636,458
2. For unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities	(40,997,192)
3. Totals	(9,360,734)
C. Actuarial present value of expected future member contributions	6,123,448
D. Health Insurance Reserve	3,742,974
E. Total Present and Expected Future Resources	\$163,091,810

Present Value of Expected Future Benefit Payments and Reserves

A. To retirees and beneficiaries	\$ 65,738,775
B. To vested terminated members	1,868,526
C. To present active members	
1. Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date	53,981,629
2. Allocated to service likely to be rendered after valuation date	37,759,906
3. Totals	91,741,535
D. Health Insurance Reserve	3,742,974
E. Total Actuarial Present Value of Expected Future Benefit Payments	\$163,091,810

**ALLOCATION OF \$159.3 MILLION OF BENEFIT PROMISES
JUNE 30, 2001**



COMMENTS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

COMPUTED CONTRIBUTIONS: The computed contribution rate this year is the same as it was last year, 0.00% of payroll.

OVERALL EXPERIENCE was less favorable than assumed during the year ending June 30, 2001 - primarily as a result of recognized investment return that was less than assumed and the fact that more people retired than expected.

BENEFIT CHANGES: Since the last valuation there have been negotiated changes in the benefits of Police Command and Fire Fighters. These changes included the following:

Police Command & Fire Fighters

- The benefit multiplier was increased to 2.8% for all years of service with a maximum benefit of 75% of Final Average Compensation.
- Employee contribution rates were decreased to 2% effective July 1, 2001.
- The components of Final Average Compensation were changed.

Fire Fighters only

- Employees may now retire with 25 years of service regardless of age.

The effect of the above changes on the computed contributions expressed as a percent of Police/Fire active member payroll is shown below.

Increase in total normal cost:	2.13%
Increase in actuarial accrued liabilities:	<u>1.01%</u>
Total cost of new benefits:	3.14%
Increase in employer contribution rate:	0.00%

Due to the overfunded status of the Retirement System, the 3.14% stand alone increase in cost does not result in an **immediate** increase in the employer contribution rate.

COMMENTS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

(CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE: Following is the development of the balance of the Health Insurance (HI) Reserve as of June 30, 2001 assuming a maximum contribution is made to the reserve:

Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$5,962,286
Contribution to HI Reserve for the year ended June 30, 2001	165,725 *
HI premiums paid during the year ended June 30, 2001	(2,714,692)
Interest (7.0% assuming mid-year transactions)	329,655
Balance as of June 30, 2001	<hr/> \$3,742,974

* *In accordance with section 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, the maximum contribution allocable to the Health Insurance Reserve in any given year is 25% of the smaller of (i) total member and employer contributions to the Retirement System, and (ii) the total normal cost contribution. For the year ended June 30, 2001, the maximum contribution to the Health Insurance Reserve was computed to be \$165,725.*

RESERVE TRANSFERS: The Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for General members exceeded the actuarial present value of benefits payable to General retirees and beneficiaries on the rolls as of June 30, 2001 by \$6,303,929. The actuarial present value of benefits payable to Police/Fire retirees and beneficiaries on the rolls as of June 30, 2001, exceeded the reserves allocated to the Police/Fire division by \$4,413,879. In accordance with the Retirement System Ordinance, we recommend the transfer of \$6,303,929 from the General Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to the Reserve for Employer Contributions and \$4,413,879 from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to the Police/Fire Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments.

RECOMMENDATION: Each year as of June 30, the actuarial liabilities of the City of Royal Oak Retirement System are computed and reported in the annual actuarial valuation. In order to perform the actuarial valuation, assumptions must be made regarding future experience of the system with regard to the following risk areas:

- Rates of **withdrawal** of active members.
- Rates of **disability** among active members.

COMMENTS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

(CONTINUED)

- Patterns of **pay increases** to active members.
- Rates of **retirement** among active members.
- Rates of **mortality** among active members, retirees and beneficiaries.
- Long-term rates of **investment return** to be generated by the assets of the System.

Assumptions should be carefully chosen and continually monitored. Continued use of outdated assumptions can lead to:

- Understated contributions resulting in either an inability to pay benefits when due or sharp increases in required contributions at some point in the future; or
- Overstating the cost of benefit changes under consideration resulting in either benefit levels that are kept below the level that could be supported by the computed rate or an unnecessarily large burden on the current generation of members, employers and taxpayers.

A single set of assumptions will not be suitable indefinitely. Things change, and our understanding of things (whether or not they are changing) also changes.

In recognition of this, assumptions used to compute the liabilities of the Retirement System should be periodically studied in depth. The package of assumptions is then adjusted to reflect basic experience trends -- but not random year to year fluctuations.

We recommend that a 5-year experience study be completed, in order to determine how well the present actuarial assumptions reflect the Retirement System's actual experience. A similar study was last completed eight years ago. The study would focus on both economic and non-economic risk areas. The study would form the basis for adjustments to the present assumptions for the next annual actuarial valuation and for measuring the financial effect of future proposed changes in benefit provisions.

CONCLUSION: The City of Royal Oak Retirement System is in excellent financial condition in accordance with actuarial principles of level percent of payroll funding.

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES & ASSETS
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (\$1,000s)	Unfunded Assets (\$1,000s)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (\$1,000s)	Ratio of Valuation Assets to AAL	Ratio of UAL to Valuation Payroll
5-31-84*	\$49,397	\$35,642	\$13,755	72.2 %	139.2 %
5-31-85	52,062	38,438	13,624	73.8 %	132.5 %
5-31-86	52,625	41,593	11,032	79.0 %	105.6 %
5-31-87*	57,698	45,963	11,735	79.7 %	102.1 %
5-31-88	61,331	51,036	10,295	83.2 %	86.0 %
5-31-89*	65,212	54,259	10,953	83.2 %	93.8 %
5-31-90*	68,924	58,438	10,486	84.8 %	84.2 %
5-31-91*	73,106	62,262	10,844	85.2 %	82.7 %
5-31-92*	77,429	69,859	7,570	90.2 %	58.9 %
6-30-93*	84,193	77,427	6,766	92.0 %	49.5 %
6-30-94*	88,519	88,519	0	100.0 %	-
6-30-95*	92,495	97,795	(5,300)	105.7 %	-
6-30-96	94,730	105,572	(10,842)	111.4 %	-
6-30-97	97,622	116,317	(18,695)	119.2 %	-
6-30-98	102,995	132,289	(29,294)	128.4 %	-
6-30-99	107,934	147,433	(39,499)	136.6 %	-
6-30-00	111,515	159,268	(47,753)	142.8 %	-
6-30-00*	113,215	159,268	(46,053)	140.7 %	-
6-30-01	120,191	162,586	(42,395)	135.3 %	-
6-30-01*	121,589	162,586	(40,997)	133.7 %	-

* After changes in benefit provisions and/or actuarial assumptions and actuarial cost methods.

The Ratio of Present Assets to AAL is a traditional measure of a system's funding progress. Except in years when the system is amended or actuarial assumptions are revised this ratio can be expected to increase (or decrease) gradually toward 100%.

The Ratio of UAAL to Valuation Payroll is another relative index of condition. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities represent debt, while active member payroll represents the system's capacity to collect contributions to pay toward debt. The lower the ratio, the greater the financial strength - and vice-versa.

COMPUTED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Retirees & Beneficiaries

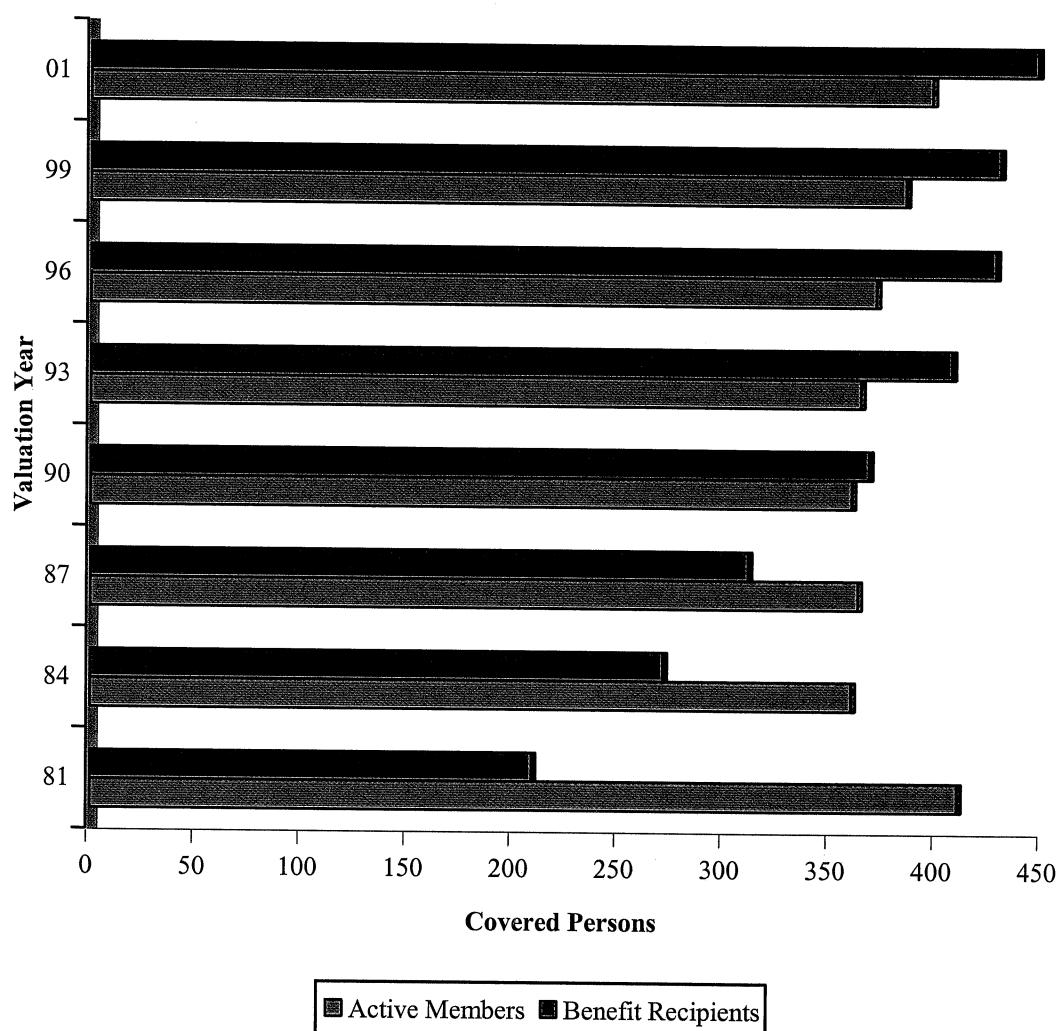
Employer Contributions
As Payroll Percents

Valuation Date	No.	Active Members			Retirees & Beneficiaries			Employer Contributions		
		Total	Average	% Incr.	No.	Active Per Retired	\$	% of Payroll	General & Water	Police & Fire
5-31-81*	410	\$9,762,463	\$23,811		209	2.00	\$1,133,043	11.6 %	18.08 %	25.80 %
5-31-82	376	9,523,807	25,329	(2.4)%	231	1.60	1,380,622	14.5 %	17.86 %	25.72 %
5-31-83	348	8,847,234	25,423	(7.1)%	263	1.30	1,792,492	20.3 %	17.77 %	25.53 %
5-31-84*	360	9,878,860	27,441	11.7 %	271	1.30	1,910,405	19.3 %	16.64 %	23.28 %
5-31-85	358	10,280,426	28,716	4.1 %	288	1.20	2,125,341	20.7 %	16.49 %	22.68 %
5-31-86	359	10,450,609	29,110	1.7 %	297	1.20	2,236,500	21.4 %	16.05 %	21.24 %
5-31-87*	363	11,491,099	31,656	10.0 %	311	1.20	2,495,645	21.7 %	16.34 %	22.60 %
5-31-88	364	11,974,522	32,897	4.2 %	330	1.10	2,842,657	23.7 %	15.75 %	22.26 %
5-31-89*	357	11,681,433	32,721	(2.4)%	363	0.98	3,535,678	30.3 %	17.39 %	22.32 %
5-31-90*	360	12,453,638	34,593	6.6 %	368	0.98	3,594,058	28.9 %	16.95 %	23.12 %
5-31-91*	357	13,112,701	36,730	5.3 %	374	0.95	3,763,075	28.7 %	16.50 %	24.52 %
5-31-92	352	12,844,067	36,489	(2.0)%	395	0.89	4,317,111	33.6 %	15.53 %	23.58 %
6-30-93*	364	13,664,416	37,540	6.4 %	407	0.89	4,597,263	33.6 %	17.02 %	22.50 %
6-30-94*#	360	14,109,602	39,193	3.3 %	415	0.87	4,894,145	34.7 %	11.85 %	15.16 %
6-30-95*	370	14,595,387	39,447	3.4 %	427	0.87	5,375,306	36.8 %	9.45 %	9.75 %
6-30-96	371	14,991,326	40,408	2.7 %	427	0.87	5,529,852	36.9 %	5.07 %	6.20 %
6-30-97	384	15,949,326	41,535	6.4 %	430	0.89	5,647,518	35.4 %	0.60 %	0.42 %
6-30-98	392	17,181,869	43,831	7.7 %	426	0.92	5,865,307	34.1 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
6-30-99	385	17,501,352	45,458	1.9 %	429	0.90	6,051,286	34.6 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
6-30-00*	396	18,129,821	45,782	3.6 %	437	0.91	6,346,060	35.0 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
6-30-01*	397	18,962,345	47,764	4.6 %	447	0.89	6,865,032	36.2 %	0.00 %	0.00 %

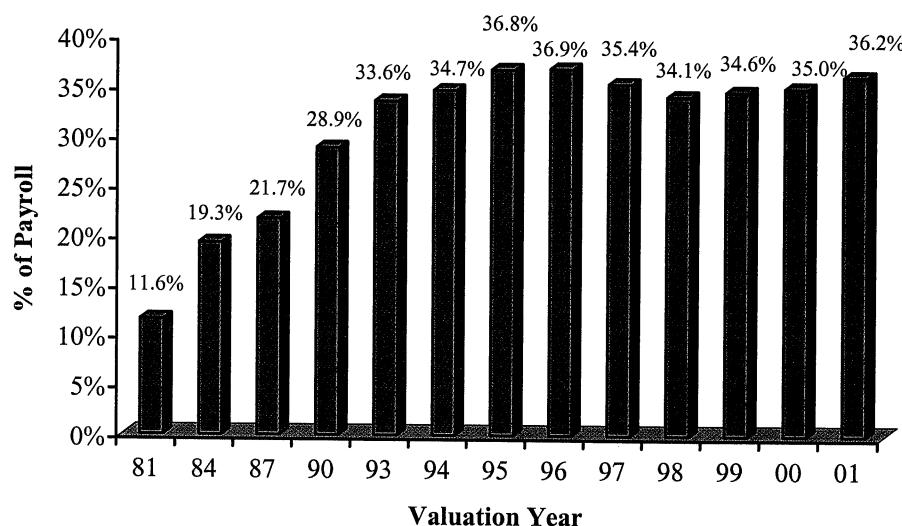
* After changes in benefit provisions.
Actuarial assumptions revised.

ACTIVE MEMBERS & BENEFIT RECIPIENTS

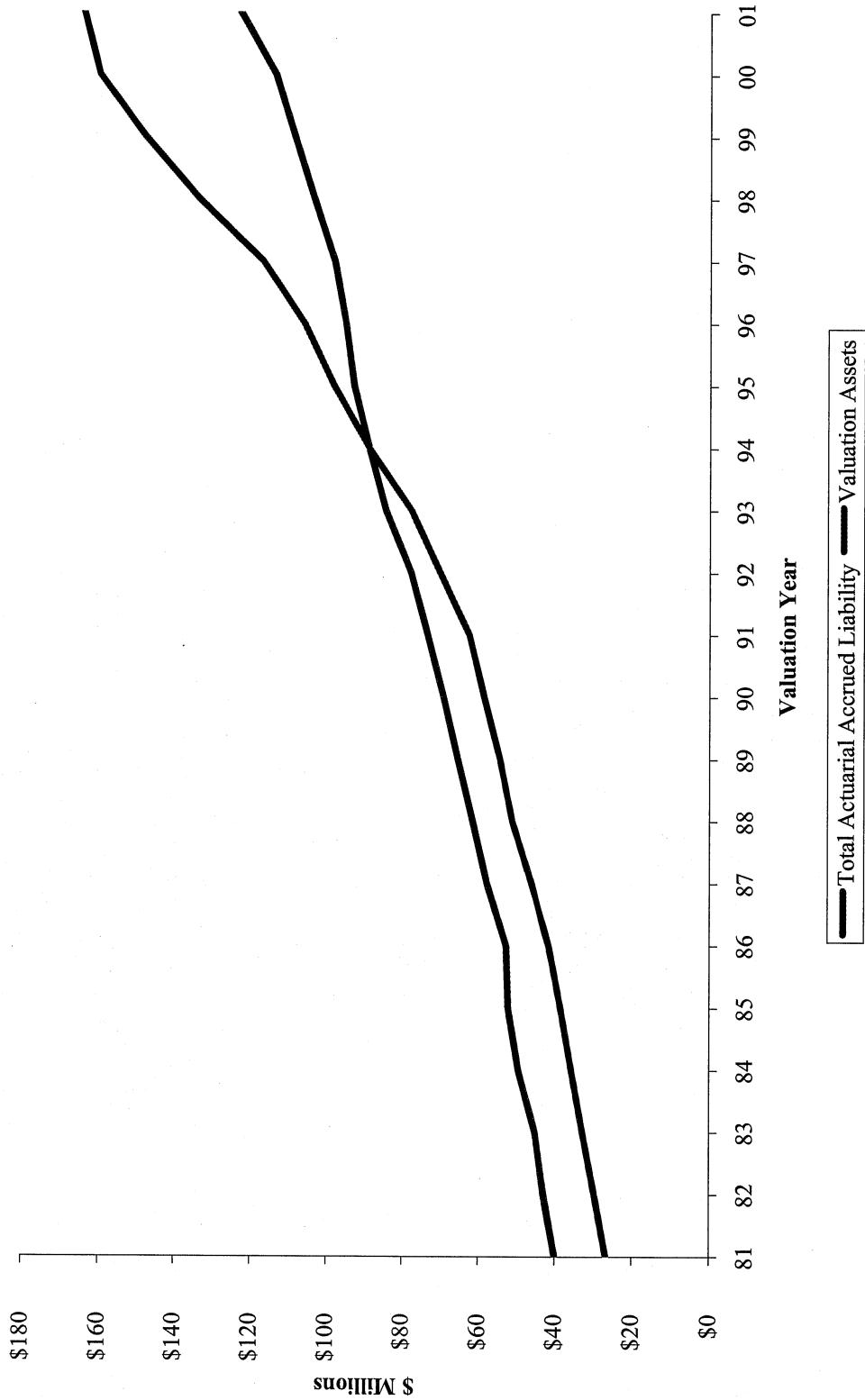
Active Members & Benefit Recipients



Benefits as a Percent of Payroll



ASSETS & ACCRUED LIABILITIES



SECTION B

Summary of Benefit Provisions and Valuation Data

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED

JUNE 30, 2001

REGULAR RETIREMENT (no reduction factor for age):

Eligibility – Permanent:

AFSCME, Executive Department Heads, Department Heads and Deputies, Technical and Professional, Police Service Aides: Age 55 with 25 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Supervisors, Local 270M: Age 50 with 30 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Police Command, Police Officers, Detectives: Any age with 25 years of service or age 55 with 10 years of service.

Fire Fighters: Any age with 25 years of service or age 55 with 10 years of service.

Temporary Eligibility - Until June 30, 2005:

Executive Department Heads, Department Heads and Deputies, AFSCME, Technical and Professional, Supervisors: Age 50 with 25 years of service, age 55 with 20 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Local 270M: Any age with 30 years of service, age 50 with 25 years of service, age 55 with 20 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Type of Final Average Compensation (FAC):

AFSCME, Executive Department Heads, Professional & Technical, Supervisors, Police Command, Detectives, Fire Fighters: Highest 2 years out of last 10 years.

Department Heads & Deputies, Local 270M, Police Officers, Police Service Aides: Highest 2 consecutive years out of last 10 years.

Annual Amount:

General: Total service years multiplied by 2.5% for the first 20 years of service and 2.2% thereafter of FAC with a maximum allowance of 75% of FAC.

Police Command, Fire Fighters: Total service years multiplied by 2.8% of FAC with a maximum allowance of 75% of FAC.

Police Officers, Detectives: FAC multiplied by the sum of 2.8% of each of the first 20 years of service, 2.0% of each of the next 6 years of service, and 1% for each year of service thereafter to maximum of 75% of FAC.

Police Service Aides: Total service years multiplied by 2.0% of FAC with a maximum allowance of 80% of FAC minus the member's initial primary insurance amount under Social Security.

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED
JUNE 30, 2001
(CONTINUED)

DEFERRED RETIREMENT (vested benefit):

Eligibility:

General, Police Service Aides: 5 years of service.

Police Officers, Police Command, Detectives, Fire Fighters: 10 years of service.

Annual Amount:

Same as regular retirement but based upon service and final average compensation at time of termination.

AFSCME, Executive Department Heads, Department Heads and Deputies, Professional & Technical, Police Service Aides: Payable at age 55 with 25 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Supervisors, Local 270M: Payable at age 50 with 30 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Police Officers, Police Command, Detectives, Fire Fighters: Payable at age 55 with 10 years of service.

DUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT:

Eligibility - No age or service requirements.

Annual Amount:

AFSCME: 66-2/3% of base monthly salary at time of disability, with recomputation to 70% after 5 years of disability and 75% after 10 years. Benefit is payable until attaining minimum retirement requirements.

Executive Department Heads, Department Heads & Deputies: 66% of base monthly salary at time of disability. Benefit is payable until voluntary retirement age.

Professional & Technical, Supervisors, Local 270M: 66-2/3% of base monthly salary at time of disability. Benefit is payable until voluntary retirement age for Professional & Technical and until age 60 for Supervisors and Local 270M.

Police Officers, Police Command, Detectives, Police Service Aides: 66-2/3% of base monthly salary, where salary is adjusted for negotiated pay increases for physical disabilities and remains the salary at the time of disability for psychological disabilities. Workers' compensation is offset. Benefit is payable until age 55 for Police Officers, Police Command, and Detectives and until age 60 for Police Service Aides.

Fire Fighters: 66-2/3% of base monthly salary at time of disability. Worker's compensation is offset. Benefit is payable until voluntary retirement age.

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED
JUNE 30, 2001
(CONTINUED)

Duty Disability Maximum Monthly Benefit:

Executive Department Heads, Department Heads & Deputies:	\$5,000
Professional & Technical:	\$3,500
AFSCME, Local 270M, Supervisors, Police Officers, Police Command, Detectives, Police Service Aides, Fire Fighters:	No maximum

NON-DUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT:

Eligibility:

Local 270-M: 10 years of service.

Others: 5 years of service.

Annual Amount:

AFSCME: 66-2/3% of base monthly salary at time of disability. Benefit is payable until attaining minimum retirement requirements.

Fire Fighters: 50% of base monthly salary at time of disability. Benefits are payable the same as duty disability.

Others: Benefits are the same as duty disability.

DUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT:

Eligibility - No age or service requirements.

Annual Amount - Computed as regular retirement but with additional service credit from date of death until date age 60 would have been attained. Spouse is paid 75% of regular retirement benefit; 1 or 2 unmarried children under age 19 are paid 10% of regular retirement benefit per child; 3 or more unmarried children under age 19 are paid an equal share of 25% of regular retirement benefit. Worker's Compensation payments are offset.

NON-DUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT:

Eligibility - 3 years of service.

Annual Amount - Same as duty death before retirement.

AUTOMATIC DEATH BENEFIT AFTER RETIREMENT:

75% of a retiree's straight life pension will be continued to an eligible surviving spouse upon retiree's death with no corresponding reduction in straight life pension.

LUMP SUM DEATH BENEFIT AFTER RETIREMENT:

\$4,000 for all divisions.

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED
JUNE 30, 2001
(CONTINUED)

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS:

	Percent of Annual Compensation	
	To Social Security Wage Base	Over Social Security Wage Base
AFSCME	1.50%	3.50%
Executive Department Heads, Department Heads and Deputies, Technical and Professional	2.00	4.00
Local 270M	3.00	5.00
Supervisors	3.00	3.00
Police Command, Fire Fighters	2.00	2.00
Police Service Aides	2.50	4.50
Police Officers, Detectives	5.00	5.00

ANNUITY WITHDRAWAL:

Members may withdraw their accumulated member contributions upon retirement with a corresponding reduction in pension amount.

COVERED COMPENSATION:

General: Covered compensation includes base salary, longevity and sick leave incentive pay.

Police Command: Covered compensation includes base salary, longevity, payment in lieu of holidays, uniform allowance, sick leave incentive pay and required administrative time.

Fire Fighters: Covered compensation includes base salary, longevity, payment in lieu of holidays, uniform allowance, cleaning allowance, food allowance, sick leave incentive pay and paramedic premium.

Police Officers, Detectives, Police Service Aides: Covered compensation includes base salary, longevity and payment in lieu of holidays.

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Valuation Date	Added to Rolls*		Removed from Rolls [#]			Net Increase			Rolls End of Year		
	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	A	E	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	
5/31/80	15	87,659	13			26,304	2	61,355	189	944,037	
5/31/81	24	544,336	4			355,330	20	189,006	209	1,133,043	
5/31/82	33	336,714	11			89,135	22	247,579	231	1,380,622	
5/31/83	42	453,290	10			41,420	32	411,870	263	1,792,492	
5/31/84	17	175,727	9			57,814	8	117,913	271	1,910,405	
5/31/85	29	283,601	12	8.8		68,665	17	214,936	288	2,125,341	
5/31/86	17	147,292	8	9.3		36,133	9	111,159	297	2,236,500	
5/31/87	22	288,998	8	9.9		29,853	14	259,145	311	2,495,645	
5/31/88	26	403,952	7	10.1		56,940	19	347,012	330	2,842,657	
5/31/89	41	748,391	8	10.7		55,370	33	693,021	363	3,535,678	
5/31/90	15	184,697	10	11.8		126,317	5	58,380	368	3,594,058	
5/31/91	18	292,334	12	12.8		123,317	6	169,017	374	3,763,075	
5/31/92	37	668,965	16	13.6		114,929	21	554,036	395	4,317,111	
6/30/93	27	408,146	15	13.9		127,994	12	280,152	407	4,597,263	
6/30/94	26	456,550	18	14.3		159,668	8	296,882	415	4,894,145	
6/30/95	21	513,916	9	13.5		32,755	12	481,161	427	5,375,306	
6/30/96	12	272,020	12	13.5		117,474	0	154,546	427	5,529,852	
6/30/97	19	349,731	16	9.8		232,065	3	117,666	430	5,647,518	
6/30/98	12	300,261	16	6.8		82,472	(4)	217,789	426	5,865,307	
6/30/99	24	369,781	21	15.2		183,802	3	185,979	429	6,051,286	
6/30/00	25	532,563	17	15.6		237,789	8	294,774	437	6,346,060	
6/30/01	18	585,533	8	16.2		66,561	10	518,972	447	6,865,032	

A - Represents actual number.

E - Represents expected number based on actuarial assumptions.

** Includes beneficiaries of deceased retirees.*

Includes deceased retirees with beneficiaries.

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES JUNE 30, 2001
TABULATED BY TYPE OF ALLOWANCE BEING PAID

Type of Allowances Being Paid	Annual Retirement Allowances					
	General & Water		Police Officers & Firefighters		Totals	
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Age and Service Allowances						
Regular allowance						
Terminating at death of retireant	75	\$ 741,225	15	\$ 297,460	90	\$ 1,038,685
75% of benefit continuing to spouse	110	1,498,428	126	3,339,207	236	4,837,635
100% Joint & Survivor benefit	3	12,418	2	7,493	5	19,911
50% Joint & Survivor benefit	5	19,878	1	6,635	6	26,513
Survivor beneficiary of deceased retireant	38	218,795	39	464,881	77	683,676
Domestic Relations Order Recipient	3	12,875	1	15,665	4	28,540
Total Age and Service Allowances	234	\$2,503,618	184	\$4,131,341	418	\$6,634,959
Casualty Allowances						
Duty Disability Allowances						
Terminating at death of retireant	1	\$ 1,066			1	\$ 1,066
Joint & Survivor benefit	2	5,812	1	\$ 22,779	3	28,592
Survivor beneficiary of deceased retireant			1	3,228	1	3,228
Totals	3	\$ 6,878	2	\$ 26,008	5	\$ 32,886
Non-Duty Disability Allowances						
Terminating at death of retireant						
Joint & Survivor benefit						
Survivor beneficiary of deceased retireant						
Totals						
Duty Death Allowances						
Survivor beneficiary of deceased retireant	1	\$ 2,102			1	\$ 2,102
Non-Duty Death Allowances						
Spouse beneficiary	13	93,731	7	\$ 93,450	20	187,181
Child(ren) beneficiary	1	2,512	2	5,392	3	7,904
Totals	14	\$ 96,243	9	\$ 98,842	23	\$ 195,085
Total Casualty Allowances	18	\$105,223	11	\$124,850	29	\$ 230,073
Total Allowances Being Paid	252	\$2,608,841	195	\$4,256,191	447	\$6,865,032

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES JUNE 30, 2001
TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

Attained Ages	Age and Service		Casualty		Totals	
	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances
Under 40			3	\$ 7,904	3	\$ 7,904
40-44						
45-49	2	\$ 65,494	3	52,584	5	118,078
50-54	28	862,432			28	862,432
55-59	35	969,332	1	8,525	36	977,857
60-64	65	1,512,332	3	50,268	68	1,562,600
65-69	55	939,120	5	31,394	60	970,514
70-74	87	1,205,958	5	48,271	92	1,254,229
75-79	68	624,062	3	19,683	71	643,745
80-84	53	335,613	2	2,457	55	338,070
85-89	17	89,636	4	8,986	21	98,622
90 & Over	8	30,981			8	30,981
Totals	418	\$6,634,960	29	\$230,072	447	\$6,865,032

INACTIVE MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2001
TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

Also included in the valuation were 33 General members and 3 Police/Fire members who are eligible for estimated deferred allowances of \$393,716 upon attainment of voluntary retirement age. Some of these 36 inactive members are presently covered under either a long-term disability insurance policy or worker's compensation.

Attained Ages	Estimated Deferred	
	No.	Annual Allowances
33	1	\$5,460
35	1	4,100
37	1	15,100
41	2	20,926
42	1	13,798
43	1	10,938
44	1	5,637
45	3	28,658
46	3	31,803
47	1	3,258
48	2	39,540
49	4	20,649
50	3	53,285
51	1	33,729
52	2	37,766
54	1	3,764
55	1	4,000
56	1	22,386
57	2	23,327
58	2	9,234
64	2	6,358
Totals		\$393,716

ACTIVE MEMBERS -- COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

Valuation Date	Active Members	Valuation Payroll	Average			
			Age	Service	Pay	% Pay Increase
5-31-82	376	\$9,523,807	45.0	14.3	\$25,329	6.4 %
5-31-83	348	8,847,234	44.2	13.8	25,423	0.4 %
5-31-84	360	9,878,860	44.3	13.6	27,441	7.9 %
5-31-85	358	10,280,426	44.1	13.3	28,716	4.6 %
5-31-86	359	10,450,609	43.8	13.2	29,110	1.4 %
5-31-87	363	11,491,099	43.7	12.9	31,656	8.7 %
5-31-88	364	11,974,522	43.3	12.6	32,897	3.9 %
5-31-89	357	11,681,433	42.0	11.2	32,721	(0.5)%
5-31-90	360	12,453,638	42.0	11.4	34,593	5.7 %
5-31-91	357	13,112,701	42.2	11.8	36,730	6.2 %
5-31-92	352	12,844,067	41.9	11.6	36,489	(0.7)%
6-30-93	364	13,664,416	41.7	11.5	37,540	2.9 %
6-30-94	360	14,109,602	41.6	11.3	39,193	4.4 %
6-30-95	370	14,595,387	41.3	10.8	39,447	0.6 %
6-30-96	371	14,991,326	41.5	10.9	40,408	2.4 %
6-30-97	384	15,949,325	41.8	10.8	41,535	2.8 %
6-30-98	392	17,181,869	41.8	10.8	43,831	5.5 %
6-30-99	385	17,501,352	42.4	11.5	45,458	3.7 %
6-30-00	396	18,129,821	42.2	11.0	45,782	0.7 %
6-30-01	397	18,962,345	42.7	11.1	47,764	4.3 %

ACTIVE MEMBERS - JUNE 30, 2001

Group	Active Members	Valuation Payroll
Local 270	68	\$2,685,976
Department Heads and Deputies	26	1,859,837
Technical and Professional	45	2,016,241
AFSCME	68	2,429,026
Foremen and Supervisors	6	342,856
Police Service Aides	13	442,595
Police	71	3,253,619
Fire	69	3,953,324
Police Command	16	1,074,728
Police/Fire Department Heads	4	313,447
Police Detectives	9	494,426
Judges	2	96,270
Total	397	\$18,962,345

ACTIVE MEMBERS ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

Year Ended	Number Added During Year		Terminations During Year								Active Members End of Year	
			Normal Retirement		Disabled		Death Service		Other Terminations			
	A	E	A	E	A	E	A	E	A	E		
5-31-81	26	40	13	9.4	1	2.3	1	1.8	25	11.7	410	
5-31-82	18	52	24	12.1	6	2.1	1	1.7	21	11.3	376	
5-31-83	21	49	34	10.1	4	2.0		1.4	11	9.8	348	
5-31-84	31	19	8	7.6	0	1.9	0	1.2	11	8.7	360	
5-31-85	28	30	17	10.8	3	2.9	0	1.2	10	10.1	358	
5-31-86	25	24	11	10.0	0	3.0	0	1.3	13	11.3	359	
5-31-87	27	23	13	10.1	1	2.8	1	1.3	8	12.3	363	
5-31-88	27	26	14	13.4	0	2.7	3	1.2	9	12.9	364	
5-31-89	36	43	33	12.9	1	2.8	0	1.2	9	12.3	357	
5-31-90	24	21	6	11.0	0	2.6	1	1.1	14	13.6	360	
5-31-91	16	19	8	11.7	1	2.7	1	1.0	9	13.2	357	
5-31-92	24	29	21	12.9	0	2.4	1	1.0	7	11.6	352	
6-30-93	30	18	12	10.5	0	2.3	2	1.1	4	11.3	364	
6-30-94	25	29	16	10.5	2	2.3	1	1.0	10	11.9	360	
6-30-95	37	27	14	10.2	2	1.4	2	0.9	9	11.8	370	
6-30-96	27	26	8	9.3	0	1.3	0	0.8	18	14.0	371	
6-30-97	30	17	8	11.2	0	1.4	0	0.8	9	14.5	384	
6-30-98	23	15	9	10.5	0	1.4	0	0.7	6	14.5	392	
6-30-99	21	28	11	10.1	0	1.3	0	0.9	17	13.5	385	
6-30-00	38	27	12	9.5	0	1.3	0	0.9	15	14.9	396	
6-30-01	27	26	13	7.4	1	1.3	0	0.9	12	14.6	397	
Last 5 Years			53	48.7	1	6.7	0	4.2	59	72.0		

A - represents actual number.

E - represents expected number based on actuarial assumptions.

**GENERAL AND WATER MEMBERS
(INCLUDES POLICE SERVICE AIDES)
BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE**

Age Group	Years of Accrued Service							Totals	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Up	No.	Salary
20-24	2							2	\$ 57,331
25-29	6	4						10	347,133
30-34	11	3						14	482,441
35-39	11	10	6	3				30	1,281,432
40-44	20	8	11	7	4			50	2,097,946
45-49	13	3	10	7	6	1		40	1,752,638
50-54	6	7	9	3	5	7	4	41	2,001,246
55-59	8	5	4	7	4	1	3	32	1,436,314
60	1		1					2	76,349
61							1	1	59,212
62	1							1	24,327
63		1						1	50,296
64		1		1				2	140,333
65		1						1	30,109
69									
70						1		1	35,692
Totals	79	43	41	28	19	10	8	228	\$9,872,799

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Group Averages

Age: 45.7 years
 Service: 10.8 years
 Annual Pay: \$43,302

POLICE AND FIRE MEMBERS
BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

Age Group	Years of Accrued Service							Totals	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Up	No.	Salary
20-24	3							3	\$ 103,963
25-29	12	1						13	512,826
30-34	16	25	3					44	2,091,012
35-39	6	11	18	2				37	1,965,417
40-44		5	12	8				25	1,400,439
45-49	1	2	5	11	4			23	1,405,102
50-54				1	13	7	1	22	1,497,160
55-59				1		1		2	113,627
Totals	38	44	38	23	17	8	1	169	\$9,089,546

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Group Averages

Age: 38.7 years
 Service: 11.4 years
 Annual Pay: \$53,784

**SUMMARY OF CURRENT ASSET INFORMATION
FURNISHED FOR VALUATION
(MARKET VALUE)**

Balance Sheet

Reported Assets		Reserves for	
Cash & equivalents	\$ 1,335,865	Member contributions	\$ 8,705,776
Other short-term	0	Employer contributions	16,074,765
Receivables & accruals	1,063,001	Retired benefit payments	67,628,825
Equities	88,788,332	Health Insurance	5,962,286
Fixed Income	60,182,622	Undistributed investment income	52,404,508
Accounts Payable	(593,660)		
Total Current Assets	\$150,776,160	Total Reserves	\$150,776,160

Revenues and Expenditures

	2000-01	1999-00
Balance - Beginning of year	\$164,548,151	\$169,871,065
<i>Revenues</i>		
Member contributions	662,900	883,815
Employer contributions	0	0
Investment income (net)	(3,700,860)	3,682,062
Total	<u>(3,037,960)</u>	<u>4,565,877</u>
<i>Expenditures</i>		
Benefit payments	7,417,862	6,878,285
Health insurance premiums for retired member	2,714,692	2,400,136
Refund of member contributions	37,754	37,414
Administrative & investment expenses	563,723	572,956
Total	<u>10,734,031</u>	<u>9,888,791</u>
Balance - End of year	\$150,776,160	\$164,548,151

DEVELOPMENT OF FUNDING VALUE OF RETIREMENT SYSTEM ASSETS

	Year Ended June 30:	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
A. Funding Value Beginning of Year		\$154,787,086	\$165,230,196			
B. Market Value End of Year		164,548,151	150,776,160			
C. Market Value Beginning of Year		169,871,065	164,548,151			
D. Non-Investment Net Cash Flow		(8,432,020)	(10,036,868)			
E. Investment Income		3,109,106	(3,735,123)			
E1. Market Total: B-C-D		11,669,258	12,416,412			
E2. Amount for Immediate Recognition: (7.75%)		(8,560,152)	(16,151,535)			
E3. Amt. for Phased In Recognition: E1-E2						
F. Phased-In Recognition of Investment Income		(2,140,038)	(4,037,884)			
F1. Current Year: 0.25 x E3		840,788	(2,140,038)	\$(4,037,884)		
F2. First Prior Year		4,056,493	840,788	(2,140,038)	\$(4,037,884)	
F3. Second Prior Year		4,448,629	4,056,491	840,789	(2,140,038)	\$(4,037,884)
F4. Third Prior Year						
F5. Total Recognized Investment Gain		7,205,872	(1,280,643)	(5,337,133)	(6,177,922)	(4,037,884)
G. Funding Value End of Year: A+D+E2+F5		165,230,196	166,329,096	(10,215,803)	(4,037,881)	0
H. Difference Between Market & Funding Value		(682,045)	(15,552,936)			
I. Recognized Rate of Return		12.5%	7.0%			
J. Market Value Rate of Return		1.9%	(2.3)%			

The Funding Value of Assets recognizes assumed investment income (line E2) fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income (line E3) are phased in over a closed 4 year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be greater than market value. The Funding Value of Assets is **unbiased** with respect to Market Value. At any time it may be either greater or less than Market Value. If actual and assumed rates of investment income are exactly equal for 4 consecutive years, the Funding Value will become equal to Market Value.

SECTION C

Summary of Valuation Methods and Assumptions

VALUATION METHODS

Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an individual **entry-age normal cost** valuation method having the following characteristics:

- the annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Assets in excess of actuarial accrued liabilities were amortized by level (principal & interest combined) percent-of-payroll contributions over a period of 17 years.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE VALUATION

The actuary calculates the contribution requirements and benefit values of the plan by applying actuarial assumptions to the benefit provisions and census data furnished, using the valuation method described on page C-1.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about future experience are:

- long-term rates of investment income
- patterns of salary increases
- rates of mortality before and after retirement
- rates of withdrawal from active membership
- rates of disability among members and their subsequent rates of recovery
- probabilities of retirement at various ages after benefit eligibility.

In a valuation the monetary effect of each assumption, for each distinct experience group, is projected for the next year and for each year over the next half-century or longer.

Actual experience will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the skill of the actuary, the completeness of the data and the precision of the many calculations that are made. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of system obligations based upon assumptions regarding future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of small adjustments of the computed contribution rate.

From time-to-time it is appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions to reflect basic experience trends (but not random year-to-year fluctuations).

The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following table. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which benefit amounts will be based.

Sample Ages	Annual Rate of Salary Increase for Sample Age		
	Base (Economic)	Merit & Longevity	
		General & Water	Police-Fire
20	5.0%	3.8%	3.0%
25	5.0%	3.1%	3.0%
30	5.0%	2.7%	2.6%
35	5.0%	2.4%	1.1%
40	5.0%	2.1%	0.2%
45	5.0%	1.7%	0.2%
50	5.0%	1.1%	0.2%
55	5.0%	0.7%	0.1%
60	5.0%	0.2%	-
65	5.0%	-	-
Ref		5	34

The rate of investment return was 7.75% per year, compounded annually, net after administrative and investment expenses. This assumption is used to make money payable at one point in time equal in value to a different amount of money payable at another point in time.

The assumed real return for funding purposes is the net rate of return in excess of average salary increases. Considering other assumptions used in the valuation, the 7.75% translates to a real return of approximately 2.75%. Experience over the last 5 years has been more favorable than assumed, as illustrated below.

	Year Ending June 30					5 Year Average
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	
(1) Nominal rate*	7.0 %	12.5 %	16.3 %	18.8 %	14.6 %	13.8 %
(2) Increase in CPI	3.2 %	3.7 %	2.0 %	1.7 %	2.3 %	4.3 %
(3) Average salary increase	4.3 %	0.7 %	3.7 %	5.5 %	2.8 %	5.7 %
(4) Real return						
- investment purposes						9.5 %
- funding purposes						8.1 %

* The nominal rate of return was computed using the approximate formula: $i = I \text{ divided by } 1/2 (A+B-I)$, where I is recognized investment income, A is the beginning of year funding value and B is the end of year funding value.

The mortality table was the 1984 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 0 years for men, and 6 years for women. This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

Sample Attained	Single Life Retirement Values				
	Present Value of \$1 Monthly for Life		Future Life Expectancy (years)		
	Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	\$131.79	\$140.17	27.53	32.93	
55	123.22	133.32	23.28	28.40	
60	112.80	125.06	19.27	24.11	
65	100.50	115.05	15.55	20.05	
70	87.07	103.10	12.25	16.27	
75	73.71	89.78	9.49	12.87	
80	60.28	76.43	7.17	10.02	
Ref.	68 x 1.00	70 x 1.00			

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows:

Retirement Ages	Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring		
	Police Service		Police Officers
	General	Aides	& Detectives
45-49			40%
50	15%		40%
51	10%		35%
52	10%		20%
53	10%		15%
54	10%		15%
55	10%	15%	15%
56	10%	10%	15%
57	10%	10%	15%
58	10%	10%	15%
59	10%	10%	25%
60	10%	10%	100%
61	10%	10%	
62	30%	30%	
63	15%	15%	
64	15%	15%	
65	100%	100%	
Ref.	623	134	46

Years of Service	Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring
Police Command & Fire Fighters	
25	35%
26	35%
27	35%
28	20%
29	20%
30	20%
31	20%
32	20%
33	20%
34	20%
35	20%
36	20%
37	20%
38	20%
39	20%
40	100%

Ref. 999

A member was assumed to be eligible for retirement after satisfying the following requirements:

Group	Eligibility Requirements for Retirement
Local 270M	30 years of service regardless of age; or 50 years of age with 25 years of service; or 55 years of age with 20 years of service; or 60 years of age with 5 years of service
Other General & Water	50 years of age with 25 years of service; or 55 years of age with 20 years of service; or 60 years of age with 5 years of service
Police Command, Police Officers, Detectives & Fire Fighters	25 years of service regardless of age; or 55 years of age with 10 or more years of service.
Police Service Aides	55 years of age with 25 years of service; or 60 years of age with 5 or more years of service.

Rates of separation from active membership were as shown below (rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability). This assumption measures the probabilities of members terminating employment before eligibility for an immediate benefit.

Sample Ages	Years of Service	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year		
		General	Police	Fire
ALL	0	20.00%	10.00%	10.00%
	1	15.00%	7.00%	7.00%
	2	10.00%	5.00%	5.00%
	3	8.00%	4.00%	4.00%
	4	7.00%	3.50%	3.50%
25	5 & Over	6.00%	3.50%	2.00%
30		5.50%	2.90%	1.80%
35		4.40%	1.50%	1.30%
40		1.85%	0.60%	1.00%
45		1.25%	0.50%	0.70%
50		1.25%	0.50%	0.50%
55		1.25%	0.50%	0.40%
60		1.25%	0.50%	0.40%
65		1.25%	0.50%	0.40%
Ref.		12	30	30
		59	54	166

Rates of disability were as follows. This assumption measures the probability of members retiring with a disability benefit.

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year		
	General & Water		Police & Fire
	Male	Female	
20	0.07%	0.03%	0.10%
25	0.09%	0.05%	0.15%
30	0.10%	0.07%	0.25%
35	0.14%	0.13%	0.30%
40	0.21%	0.19%	0.70%
45	0.32%	0.28%	0.80%
50	0.52%	0.45%	0.95%
55	0.92%	0.76%	1.10%
60	1.53%	1.10%	1.20%
Ref.	33	34	45

Loading Factor: In the valuation process a person's salary is assumed to increase by a certain percentage each year (see page C-3). However, compensation for benefit purposes includes things such as sick leave incentive pay which are not reported for the valuation. In order to more accurately calculate contribution requirements, the General active normal retirement liabilities were increased by 2.3% to account for the items not reported for valuation purposes. There is currently no load for Police/Fire members. Once three years worth of data is compiled, the 2.3% will be adjusted to better estimate the effect of inclusion of additional items in final average compensation.

Final Average Compensation With and Without Extra Compensation Items

New General Retirees

Year Ending June 30	Final Average Compensation		Ratio
	With Extras	Without Extras	
2001	409,951	396,912	1.033
2002			
2003			
Totals	409,951	396,912	1.033

Final Average Compensation With and Without Extra Compensation Items

New Police/Fire Retirees

Year Ending June 30	Final Average Compensation		Ratio
	With Extras	Without Extras	
2001	440,010	430,922	1.021
2002			
2003			
Totals	440,010	430,922	1.021

SECTION D

**Required by Statement No. 25 of
the Governmental Accounting Standards Board**

GASB STATEMENT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2001
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age
Amortization Method	Level percent
Remaining amortization period	17 years
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed market
Actuarial assumption:	
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Projected salary increases	5.0% - 8.8%
Includes inflation at	5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2001, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

Retirees and Beneficiaries receiving benefits	447
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	36
Active plan members	<u>397</u>
Total	880

GASB STATEMENT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
5-31-92	\$69,858,912	\$77,428,710	\$7,569,798	90.2 %	\$12,844,067	58.9 %
6-30-93	77,426,606	84,192,619	6,766,013	92.0 %	13,664,416	49.5 %
6-30-94	88,518,562	88,518,562	0	100.0 %	14,109,602	-
6-30-95	97,794,571	92,495,060	(5,299,511)	105.7 %	14,595,387	-
6-30-96	105,571,789	94,729,657	(10,842,132)	111.4 %	14,991,326	-
6-30-97	116,317,283	97,622,379	(18,694,904)	119.2 %	15,949,326	-
6-30-98	132,289,359	102,995,320	(29,294,039)	128.4 %	17,181,869	-
6-30-99	147,432,723	107,934,001	(39,498,722)	136.6 %	17,501,352	-
6-30-00	159,267,910	113,215,274	(46,052,636)	140.7 %	18,129,821	-
6-30-01	162,586,122	121,588,930	(40,997,192)	133.7 %	18,962,345	-

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Beginning	Contribution Rates as Percents of Valuation Payroll	Computed Dollar Contribution Based On Projected Payroll	Actual Annual Contributions	Percent Contribution
6-1-93	20.51 %	\$2,634,280	\$2,634,280	100%
7-1-94	16.67 %	2,826,398 *	2,278,026	100%
7-1-95	13.48 %	1,901,974	1,901,974	100%
7-1-96	9.59 %	1,399,698	1,399,698	100%
7-1-97	5.62 %	542,513	542,513	100%
7-1-98	0.53 %	84,531	84,531	100%
7-1-99	0.00 %	0	0	100%
7-1-00	0.00 %	0	0	100%
7-1-01	0.00 %	0	0	100%
7-1-02	0.00 %	0	0	100%

* Subsequent to the 6/30/93 annual valuation, the Board adopted new assumptions which decreased the computed contribution for the fiscal year beginning 7/1/94 to \$2,278,026.

SECTION E

Operation of the Retirement System

BASIC FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE AND OPERATION OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Promises Made Which Must Be Paid For. A retirement program is an orderly means of handing out, keeping track of, and financing contingent pension promises to a group of employees. As each member of the retirement program acquires a unit of service credit they are, in effect, handed an "IOU" which reads: "The Retirement System promises to pay you one unit of retirement benefits, payments in cash commencing when you retire."

The principal related financial question is: When shall the money required to cover the "IOU" be contributed? This year, when the benefit of the member's service is received? Or, some future year when the "IOU" becomes a cash demand?

The Constitution of the State of Michigan is directed to the question:

"Financial benefits arising on account of service rendered in each fiscal year shall be funded during that year and such funding shall not be used for financing unfunded accrued liabilities."

This Retirement System meets this constitutional requirement by having the following ***Financial Objective: To establish and receive contributions, expressed as percents of active member payroll, which will remain approximately level from year to year*** and will not have to be increased for future generations of taxpayers.

Translated into actuarial terminology, a level percent-of-payroll contribution objective means that the contribution rate must be at least:

Normal Cost (the current value of benefits likely to be paid on account of member's service being rendered in the current year).

... plus ...

Interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and current system assets).

If contributions to the retirement program are less than the preceding amount, the difference, plus investment earnings not realized thereon, will have to be contributed at some later time, or, benefits will have to be reduced, to satisfy the fundamental fiscal equation under which all retirement programs must operate; that is:

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{E}$$

Benefit payments to any group of members and their beneficiaries cannot exceed the sum of:

Contributions received on behalf of the group.

... plus ...

Investment earnings on contributions received

... minus ...

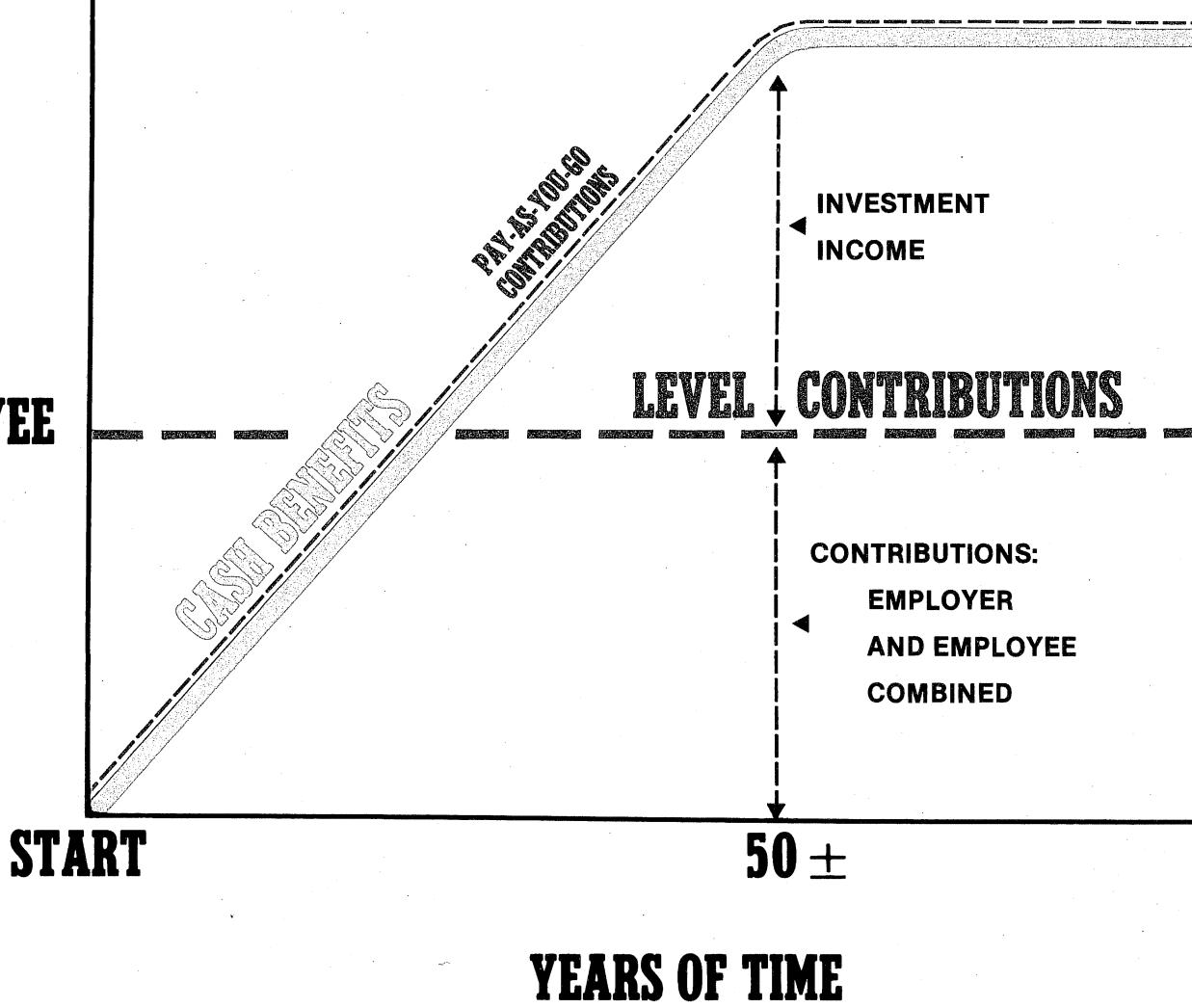
Expenses incurred in operating the program.

A by-product of the level percent-of-payroll contribution objective is the accumulation of invested assets for varying periods of time. Invested assets are a by-product of level percent-of-payroll contributions, not the objective. Investment income becomes a major contributor to the retirement program, and the amount is directly related to the amount of contributions and investment performance.

There are retirement programs designed to defer the bulk of contributions far into the future. Lured by artificially low present contributions, such programs ignore the inevitable consequence of a relentlessly increasing contribution rate -- to a level greatly in excess of the level percent-of-payroll rate. *This method of financing is prohibited in Michigan by the state constitution.*

Computed Contribution Rate Needed to Finance Benefits. From a given schedule of benefits and from the data furnished, the actuary calculates the contribution rate by means of an actuarial valuation - the technique of assigning monetary values to the risks assumed in operating a retirement program.

**% OF
ACTIVE
EMPLOYEE
PAYS**



CASH BENEFITS LINE. This relentlessly increasing line is the fundamental reality of retirement plan financing. It happens each time a new benefit is added for future retirements (and happens regardless of the design for contributing for benefits).

LEVEL CONTRIBUTION LINE. Determining the level contribution line requires detailed assumptions concerning a variety of experiences in future decades, including:

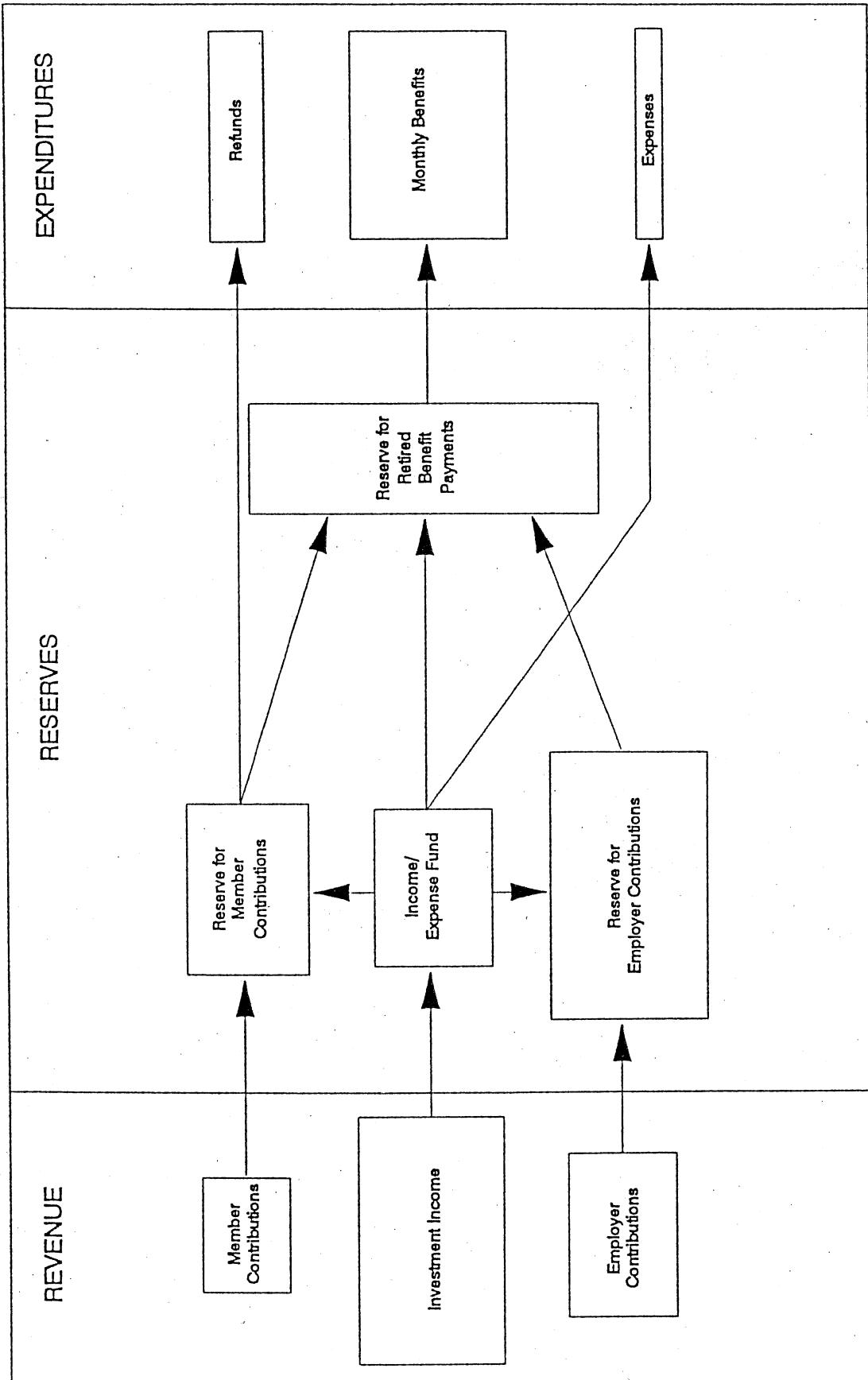
Economic Risk Areas

- Rates of investment return**
- Rates of pay increase**
- Changes in active member group size**

Non-Economic Risk Areas

- Ages at actual retirement**
- Rates of mortality**
- Rates of withdrawal of active members (turnover)**
- Rates of disability**

Flow of Money Through the Retirement System



GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."

Accrued Service. The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Equivalent. A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Amortization. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

Experience Gain (Loss). A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

GLOSSARY

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as “current service cost.” Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Plan Termination Liability. The actuarial present value of future plan benefits based on the assumption that there will be no further accruals for future service and salary. The termination liability will generally be less than the liabilities computed on a “going concern” basis and is not normally determined in a routine actuarial valuation.

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as “unfunded accrued liability.”

Valuation Assets. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes. Generally based on book value plus a portion of unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

MEANING OF “UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES”

“*Actuarial accrued liabilities*” are *the portion of the present value of plan promises to pay benefits in the future not covered by future normal cost contributions*. A liability has been established (“accrued”) because service has been rendered, but the resulting monthly cash benefit may not be payable until years in the future. Actuarial accrued liabilities are the results of complex mathematical calculations, which are made annually by the plan’s actuary.

If “actuarial accrued liabilities” at any time exceed the plan’s accrued assets, the difference is “*unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities*.” This is the common condition. If the plan’s assets equaled the plan’s “actuarial accrued liabilities,” the plan would be termed “fully funded.” This is an unusual condition.

Each time a plan adds a new benefit which applies to service already rendered, an “actuarial accrued liability” is created, which is also an “unfunded actuarial accrued liability” because assets do not immediately increase to cover the value of the new benefit promises. Payment for such unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities is spread over a period of years, commonly in the 20-40 year range.

Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities can occur in another way: if actual experience is less favorable than assumed experience, the difference is added to unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. For example, in plans where benefits are directly related to pay near time of retirement, unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities increase when unexpected rates of pay increase create additional actuarial accrued liabilities which are not offset by higher than assumed investment income. Most unexpected pay increases are the direct result of inflation, which is a very destructive force affecting financial stability.

The existence of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities is not a cause for concern, but the changes from year to year in amount of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are important.

Nor are unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities a bill payable immediately. However, it is important that policy-makers prevent the amount from becoming unreasonably high and *it is vital for a plan to have a sound method for making payments toward them* so that they are controlled.